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#### **State of Illinois** COMMISSION ON GOVERNMENT FORECASTING AND ACCOUNTABILITY

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March 15, 2023

#### **MEMORANDUM**

TO: The Honorable JB Pritzker, Governor, State of Illinois

The Honorable Don Harmon, President of the Senate

The Honorable Emanuel Chris Welch, Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Tony M. McCombie, Minority Leader of the House of

Representatives

The Honorable John F. Curran, Minority Leader of the Senate

FROM: Clayton Klenke, Executive Director

RE: FY 2024 GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) Report

## Introduction

Included in this memorandum are the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability's revenue estimates formulated on a modified accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Public Act 90-0479, a synopsis of which is included in the Appendix, requires modified accrual basis estimates for the general funds, the Agricultural Premium Fund, the Road Fund, and the Motor Fuel Tax Fund.

Recognition of revenue and liability in the fiscal year of collection or payment has been the premise for formulating the Illinois budget and is known as cash basis budgeting. Estimates formulated on a modified accrual basis instead recognize revenue and liability in the fiscal year of accrual and provide an alternative perspective to the budget process.

#### **Modified Accrual Basis Estimates**

The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability estimates that FY 2024 revenue to the general funds on a modified accrual basis will be \$57.8 million higher than the cash basis estimate. The differential between the two estimates is because lapse period collections in FY 2024 are expected to be slightly higher than FY 2023 lapse period collections. This is mainly because anticipated lapse spending from income taxes and federal sources are expected to be modestly higher in FY 2024 as compared to FY 2023.

The Commission estimates that there will be a relatively small difference between modified accrual basis revenue to the Agricultural Premium Fund, the Road Fund, and the Motor Fuel Tax Fund in FY 2024. The following table summarizes the Commission's estimates, while tables at the back of this document provide more detail of the analysis.

| FY 20                       | 024 REVENUE ES'  | TIMATES            |             |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------|
|                             | Summary Table    |                    |             |
|                             | (\$ in Millions) |                    |             |
|                             | \ .              | is vs. Modified Ac | crual Basis |
|                             | CGFA             | CGFA               |             |
|                             | FY 2024          | FY 2024            |             |
| Estimated Davanus has Found | Cash Basis       | Modified           |             |
| Estimated Revenue by Fund   | (Current Law)    | Accrual Basis      | Difference  |
| General Funds               | \$50,410.0       | \$50,467.8         | \$57.8      |
| Agricultural Premium Fund   | \$25.3           | \$25.3             | \$0.0       |
| Road Fund                   | \$4,722.8        | \$4,745.6          | \$22.8      |
| Motor Fuel Tax Fund         | \$1,254.5        | \$1,255.0          | \$0.5       |

The Governor's Office of Management and Budget included their cash basis and modified accrual revenue estimates in the FY 2024 Budget Book. The GOMB's FY 2024 cash basis revenue estimate (Governor's Introduced Budget) is \$49.945 billion. This estimate is \$465 million below the Commission's comparable cash basis estimate of \$50.410 billion. The discrepancy is simply due to Commission's higher revenue projections for personal income tax, sales tax, and other State sources offsetting the Governor's higher projections for the corporate income tax and transfers-in for FY 2024.

The GOMB's FY 2024 General Funds estimate on a modified accrual basis is reported to be \$49.709 billion (when not including the beginning fund balance of \$2.407 billion), which is \$236 million below their cash basis estimate. The GOMB's modified accrual basis estimate is \$759 million below the Commission's comparable modified accrual basis estimate of \$50.468 billion. This wider discrepancy on a modified accrual basis is simply because the variance between GOMB's projections for FY 2023 and FY 2024 lapse period adjustments are slightly more than that of the Commission, resulting in a \$294 million additional difference.

#### **Methodology for Modified Accrual Basis Revenue Estimates**

In general, the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability's modified accrual revenue estimates were formulated as follows:

- 1) obtained historical amounts of revenue accrued in a given fiscal year but received during July and August of the following fiscal year, or later during the following fiscal year in the case of federal reimbursements associated with Section 25 of the State Finance Act;
- 2) used historical data to calculate the percentage of a fiscal year's cash basis receipts attributable to the previous fiscal year;
- 3) used data described above and additional insight from relevant agencies to formulate estimates of accrued revenue to be received after the close of fiscal years 2023 and 2024;
- 4) used these estimates of accrued revenue received after the close of fiscal years 2023 and 2024 to convert fiscal year 2024 cash basis revenue estimates to modified accrual basis estimates by subtracting fiscal year 2024 cash receipts attributable to fiscal year 2023 and adding fiscal year 2025 cash receipts attributable to fiscal year 2024.

#### It should also be noted that:

- 1) for federal revenues to the general funds, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget estimates are principally used given GOMB's role in coordinating federal receipts and the estimates' similarity to such receipts in previous fiscal years;
- 2) in accordance with Public Act 90-0479, the Commission also formulated fund balance estimates however, GOMB's estimated fiscal year 2023 beginning cash basis fund balances were utilized for the Agricultural Premium Fund, the Road Fund, and the Motor Fuel Tax Fund;
- 3) the Governor's Office of Management and Budget's estimates of expenditures were utilized for fund balance calculations given the Commission does not routinely estimate expenditures.

#### **Background**

Each year, the Comptroller's office produces the *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR). The CAFR is the State's official annual report, which provides the readers with the financial position of the State as of June 30 each year, and results of operations during the fiscal year. The report is intended to provide the State's taxpayers, managers, investors, creditors, lawmakers, and other users with information in accordance with GAAP. The State of Illinois' daily activities are operated on a "cash basis," where bills are paid with the available balances of cash on hand.

Cash basis budgets are based on estimates of the cash balance available at the beginning of the fiscal year, the amount of revenue actually received during July through June of the fiscal year, the amount of expenditures actually made during July through June of the

fiscal year, and the ending cash balance. Budgeting on a modified accrual basis instead recognizes revenues and expenditures as they accrue.

#### **Funds**

Below is a brief description of the funds for which modified accrual estimation is required.

- General Funds The general funds support operations and programs of numerous State agencies with revenues from various sources, the largest of which include income taxes, sales taxes, and federal sources. The following funds are included in the "general funds" category: General Revenue Fund, Education Assistance Fund, Common School Fund, General Revenue-Common School Special Account Fund, Fund for the Advancement of Education, Commitment to Human Services Fund, and the Budget Stabilization Fund.
- Agricultural Premium Fund The Agricultural Premium Fund has been used to meet
  numerous expenses including those of the Racing Board, the State Fairs, and the
  Department of Agriculture. Revenues to this fund include a portion of the horse
  racing privilege tax, transfers from the General Revenue Fund (GRF), and other
  miscellaneous sources such as proceeds from the sale of advertising at the DuQuoin
  State Fair and fees paid to the State Police for racetrack investigative services.
- Road Fund Uses of the Road Fund have included retiring principal and interest on highway construction bonds issued by the State, administering certain chapters of the vehicle code, meeting administrative expenses of the Illinois Department of Transportation, construction of highways and bridges, and patrolling and policing highways. Examples of Road Fund revenue sources are motor vehicle and operator license fees and transfers from the Motor Fuel Tax Fund.
- Motor Fuel Tax Fund The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is a holding fund for all revenue to the State from the motor fuel tax. Revenue is used for such purposes as deposits to the State Boating Act Fund, deposits to the Grade Crossing Protection Program, and for State and local road programs, including a deposit to the Road Fund.

#### **FY 2024 GAAP REPORT**

# Supplementary Notes March, 2023

#### Cash Basis Revenue Estimate vs. Modified Accrual Basis Revenue Estimate

- It is estimated that there will be a relatively small difference between FY 2024 revenue measured on a cash basis and FY 2024 revenue measured on a modified accrual basis. The modified accrual basis general funds estimate is \$58 million higher than the cash basis estimate.
- The differential between the two estimates is largely because lapse period collections in FY 2024 are expected to be slightly higher than FY 2023 lapse period collections.
- Fund balance estimates were made utilizing both cash basis and modified accrual basis revenue and expenditure estimates.
- The cash basis fund balance calculation starts with an actual FY 2023 beginning cash balance of \$2.063 billion, per the financial summary table published in the FY 2024 Budget Book. The FY 2024 beginning cash balance is calculated by adding the Commission's FY 2023 estimated cash basis revenues to the FY 2023 beginning cash balance and by subtracting GOMB's FY 2023 cash basis spending estimate.

| Description                              | Amount             | Source           |
|--|--------------------|------------------|
| FY23 Beginning Cash Balance:             | \$2.063 billion    | FY24 Budget Book |
| FY23 CGFA Est. Base Cash Revenue:        | \$51.904 billion   | CGFA             |
| FY23 Est. Cash Spending:                 | (\$49.991 billion) | FY24 Budget Book |
| FY23 Ending/FY24 Beginning Cash Balance: | \$3.976 billion    | Calculation      |

The "modified accrual basis" fund balance calculation starts by adjusting the estimated FY 2023 beginning balance for outstanding revenues and liabilities not accounted for in the cash basis beginning balance.

| Description                              | Amount            | Source           |
|--|-------------------|------------------|
| FY23 Ending/FY24 Beginning Cash Balance: | \$3.976 billion   | Calculation      |
| FY24 Cash Receipts Attributable to FY23: | \$2.154 billion   | CGFA             |
| FY23 Lapse Period/Section 25 Spending:   | (\$0.364 billion) | FY24 Budget Book |
| FY23 End/FY24 Beginning Modified Accrual | \$5.766 billion   | Calculation      |
| Balance:                                 |                   |                  |

The estimated FY 2024 modified accrual basis ending balance is calculated by adding estimates of FY 2024 modified accrual basis revenue and subtracting GOMB estimated FY 2024 expenditures, adjusted to a modified accrual basis by subtracting estimates of

prior year lapse period and Section 25 spending and adding estimates of current year lapse period and Section 25 spending.

| Description                                   | Amount             | Source           |
|---|--------------------|------------------|
| FY24 Est. Beginning Modified Accrual Balance: | \$5.766 billion    | Calculation      |
| FY24 Estimated Modified Accrual Revenue:      | \$50.468 billion   | CGFA             |
| FY24 Estimated Modified Accrual Expenditures: | (\$48.384 billion) | FY24 Budget Book |
| FY24 Est. Ending Modified Accrual Balance:    | \$7.850 billion    | Calculation      |

The estimated FY 2024 modified accrual basis ending balance results in a surplus of nearly \$7.850 billion.

A projected surplus, especially of this magnitude, is a significant change from anticipated balances projected in past year reports. This improvement is due to several factors including a higher anticipated beginning cash balance, revenue estimates above initial spending projections for both FY 2023 and FY 2024, and lapse period / Section 25 spending estimates at significantly lower levels than previous years.

| CGFA FY 2024 REVENUE ESTIMATE - ANALYSIS OF CASH BASIS VS. MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS (General Funds - \$'s in Millions) | ESTIMATE - ANALYSIS OF CASH BAS<br>(General Funds - \$'s in Millions) | CASH BASIS VS. MODIFII   | ED ACCRUAL BASIS  |                |
|--|---|--------------------------|---|----------------|
|  | March 2023  |                          |   |                |
|  | FY 2024   | FY 2023                  | FY 2024   | FY 2024        |
| Estimated General Funds Revenue  | Cash Basis Collections  | Lapse Period Collections | Lapse Period Collections                                | GAAP Basis     |
| State Taxes  |   |                          |   |                |
| Individual Income Tax  | \$29,235.0  | \$684.6                  | \$698.0   | \$29,248.4     |
| Corporate Income Tax   | \$6,832.0   | \$311.5                  | \$296.9   | \$6,817.4      |
| Sales Taxes  | \$11,897.0  | \$589.2                  | \$599.3   | \$11,907.1     |
| Public Utility Taxes   | \$725.0   | \$6.3                    | \$6.2   | \$724.9        |
| Cigarette Tax  | \$223.0   | \$0.2                    | \$0.2   | \$223.0        |
| Liquor Gallonage Taxes   | \$185.0   | \$31.1                   | \$31.4  | \$185.3        |
| Inheritance Tax  | \$450.0   | \$0.0                    | \$0.0   | \$450.0        |
| Insurance Taxes & Fees   | \$478.0   | \$0.0                    | \$0.0   | \$478.0        |
| Corporate Franchise Tax & Fees   | \$209.0   | \$0.0                    | \$0.0   | \$209.0        |
| Interest on State Funds & Investments  | \$293.0   | \$0.0                    | \$0.0   | \$293.0        |
| Cook County Intergovernmental Transfer   | \$244.0   | \$0.0                    | \$0.0   | \$244.0        |
| Other Sources  | \$593.0   | \$3.6                    | \$3.8   | \$593.1        |
| Subtotal   | \$51,364.0  | \$1,626.4                | \$1,635.8   | \$51,373.4     |
| Transfers  |   |                          |   |                |
| Lottery  | \$775.0   | \$0.0                    | \$0.0   | \$775.0        |
| Gaming Fund Transfer   | \$175.0   | \$0.0                    | \$0.0   | \$175.0        |
| Cannabis   | \$114.0   | \$0.0                    | \$0.0   | \$114.0        |
| Refund Fund  | \$223.0   | \$0.0                    | \$0.0   | \$223.0        |
| Other  | \$746.0   | \$0.0                    | 0.08  | \$746.0        |
| Total State Sources  | \$53,397.0  | \$1,626.4                | \$1,635.8   | \$53,406.4     |
| Total Federal Sources  | \$4,014.0   | \$750.0                  | \$802.8   | \$4,066.8      |
| Total Federal & State Sources  | \$57.411.0  | \$2.376.4                | \$2.438.6   | \$57.473.2     |
| Refund Fund  |   |                          |   |                |
| Personal Income Tax  | (\$2,704.0)   | (\$63.3)                 | (\$64.6)  | (\$2,705.2)    |
| Corporate Income Tax   | (\$956.0)   | (\$45.2)                 | (\$41.6)  | (\$952.4)      |
| Other Nongeneral Fund Distributions  |   |                          |   |                |
| Personal Income Tax to LGDF  | (\$1,634.0)   | (\$37.6)                 | (\$38.4)  | (\$1,634.7)    |
| Corporate Income Tax to LGDF   | (\$402.0)   | (\$18.3)                 | (\$17.5)  | (\$401.2)      |
| Sales Tax Deposits into Road Fund  | (\$630.0)   | (\$24.4)                 | (\$31.7)  | (\$637.4)      |
| Sales Tax Distributions to PTF and DPTF  | (\$674.0)   | (\$33.5)                 | (\$34.0)  | (\$674.4)      |
| Subtotal General Funds Revenue   | \$50,410.0  | \$2,154.1                | \$2,210.9   | \$50,467.8     |
| ARPA Reimbursement for Essential Gov't Services  | \$0.0   | \$0.0                    | \$0.0   | \$0.0          |
| Total General Funds Revenue  | \$50,410.0  | - \$2,154.1              | + \$2,210.9   | \$50,467.8     |
| Regular and Section 25 Expenditures  | (\$49,642.0)  | - (\$364.0)              | + \$894.0   | (\$48,384.0)   |
| FY 2024 Estimated General Funds Balance  | Beginning Balance   | Revenue                  | Expenditures  | Ending Balance |
| Cash Basis   | \$3,976.0   | + \$50,410.0             | + (\$49,642.0)  | \$4,744.0      |
| FY 2024 Cash Receipts Attributable to FY 2023  | \$2,154.1   |                          |   |                |
| FY 2023 Lapse Period / Section 25 Spending<br>Modified Accrual Basis   | (\$364.0)<br>\$5,766.1  | + \$50,467.8             | + (\$48,384.0)  | \$7,849.9      |
|  |   |                          |   |                |
| MOTTE.   |   | Adjusted FY 2024 Modi    | Adjusted FY 2024 Modified Accrual Basis Ending Balance: | \$7,849.9      |

The estimated beginning modified accrual balance was derived by subtracting the Governor's Office of Management and Budget's (GOMB) FY 2023 tappe period and other Section 25 spanding estimated from the estimated beginning FY 2024 cash techpis attributed to FY 2023.

Fund balances are calculated using the Governor's Office of Management and Budget spending estimates as the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability does not formulate estimates of expenditures.

The COMB's spanding estimates were converted to modified account basis by subtracting prior year lapse period and other estimated Section 25 spanding and adding current year lapse period and other Section 25 spanding. Excluded from the revenue and spending estimates are various revenue(expenditure changes proposed by the Governor.

|                        | FY 2024 REVENU                 | JE EST<br>Agri | TMATES - ANAL           | FY 2024 REVENUE ESTIMATES - ANALYSIS OF CASH BASIS VS. MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS Agricultural Premium Fund, Road Fund, & Motor Fuel Tax Fund \$'s in Millions | ODIF<br>ax Fu | IED ACCRUAL BASIS and                                |    |                                     |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--|---------------|--|----|-------------------------------------|
|                        | A ACA TWY                      |                | Agn                     | Agricultural Premium Fund  |               | S. C. BOOK SALE                                      |    | TOO LAKE                            |
|                        | FY 2024<br>Cash Basis          |                | FY 2024 Cash Ke         | FY 2024 Cash Receipts Attributable to FY 2023  % of FV 2023 Cash Receipts  | +             | FY 2025 Cash Receipts Attributable to FV 2024 - \$'s | II | FY 2024<br>Modified Accrus Basis    |
| Estimated Revenue      | \$25.3                         |                | \$4.5                   | 16.7%  |               | \$4.2  |    | \$25.3                              |
| Estimated Fund Balance | FY 2024 Beginning Balance      |                |                         | Revenue  |               | Expenditures   |    | FY 2024 Ending Balance              |
| Cash Basis             | \$2.8                          | +              |                         | \$25.3   | ı             | \$20.8   | Ш  | \$7.3                               |
| Modified Accrual Basis | \$2.8                          | +              |                         | \$25.3   |               | \$20.8   | П  | \$7.3                               |
|                        |                                |                |                         | Road Fund  |               |  |    |                                     |
|                        | FY 2024                        |                | FY 2024 Cash Re-        | FY 2024 Cash Receipts Attributable to FY 2023  |               | FY 2025 Cash Receipts                                |    | FY 2024                             |
| Estimated Revenue      | <u>Cash Basis</u><br>\$4,722.8 |                | <u>\$'s</u><br>\$764.3  | % of FY 2023 Cash Receipts<br>16.7%  | +             | Attributable to FY 2024 - \$'s \$787.1               | II | Modified Accrual Basis<br>\$4,745.6 |
| Estimated Fund Balance | FY 2024 Beginning Balance      |                |                         | Revenue  |               | Expenditures   |    | FY 2024 Ending Balance              |
| Cash Basis             | \$1,491.8                      | +              |                         | \$4,722.8  |               | \$4,242.7  | Ш  | \$1,971.9                           |
| Modified Accrual Basis | \$1,491.8                      | +              |                         | \$4,745.6  |               | \$4,242.7  | П  | \$1,994.7                           |
|                        |                                |                |                         | Motor Fuel Tax Fund  |               |  |    |                                     |
|                        | FY 2024                        |                | FY 2024 Cash Re         | FY 2024 Cash Receipts Attributable to FY 2023  |               | FY 2025 Cash Receipts                                |    | FY 2024                             |
| Estimated Revenue      | Cash Basis<br>\$1,254.5        |                | <u>\$'\$</u><br>\$208.5 | % of FY 2023 Cash Receipts<br>16.6%  | +             | Attributable to FY 2024 - \$'s \$209.1               | II | Modified Accrual Basis<br>\$1,255.0 |
| Estimated Fund Balance | FY 2024 Beginning Balance      |                |                         | Revenue  |               | Expenditures   |    | FY 2024 Ending Balance              |
| Cash Basis             | \$103.1                        | +              |                         | \$1,254.5  | ,             | \$1,276.3  | Ш  | \$81.3                              |
| Modified Accrual Basis | \$103.1                        | +              |                         | \$1,255.0  | ı             | \$1,276.3  | II | \$81.9                              |
|                        |                                |                |                         |  |               |  |    |                                     |

\* The Governor's Office of Management and Budget (GOMB) estimated FY 2024 beginning cash balances are utilized for the Agricultural Premium Fund, the Road Fund, and the Motor Fuel Tax Fund.

\* FY 2024 estimated beginning modified accrual balances were assumed to equal FY 2024 estimated beginning cash balances.

\* Fund balance calculations utilize the GOMB's spending estimates as the CGFA does not formulate estimates of expenditures.

\* Estimates of modified accrual basis spending equal the GOMB's estimates of cash basis spending as FY 2023 and FY 2024 lapse period spending are assumed to be equal.

#### **APPENDIX**

### Synopsis of Public Act 90-0479 (15 ILCS 20/50-5), Pertaining to Budget Formulation

Public Act 90-0479 (15 ILCS 20/50-5), effective August of 1997, requires that the State budget, both underlying revenue and spending estimates, for the following funds be formulated on a modified accrual basis in concert with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP):

- 1) General Funds;
- 2) Agricultural Premium Fund;
- 3) Road Fund;
- 4) Motor Fuel Tax Fund.

Revenue estimates for a fiscal year are to include:

- 1) the estimated beginning fund balance;
- 2) plus the revenues estimated to be received from July through June of the fiscal year;
- 3) plus receipts due to the state as of June 30 but expected to be collected during the lapse period;
- 4) minus the receipts collected during the first two months of the fiscal year that are attributable to the previous fiscal year;
- 5) plus federal reimbursements associated with State expenditures made in accordance with Section 25 of the State Finance Act.

Spending estimates for a fiscal year are to include:

- 1) expenditures estimated to be made from July through June of the fiscal year;
- 2) plus expenditures estimated to be incurred in the fiscal year but paid in the following fiscal year;
- 3) minus costs paid in the fiscal year which were incurred in the previous fiscal year.

Both revenue and expenditure estimates for a fiscal year are to include all transfers between funds that are based on revenues received or costs incurred during the fiscal year.

The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability is to prepare revenue and fund transfer estimates in accordance with Public Act 90-0479 each year. These estimates are to be reported to the General Assembly and the Governor.

For other funds not specified in Public Act 90-0479, proposed expenditures and appropriations are not to exceed estimated available funds for the budgeted fiscal year.